

SHOW all your works. Put the answers in a BOX

NAME:

1 Two of the following change of coordinates correspond to a Lorentz transformation, identify both:

A- a boost in space

- B- a translation in spacetime
- C- a rotation in space

D- a rotation in spacetime

E- a translation in space.

2 Given the following components of the four-vector A:

$$A^{\mu} = (-2, 3, 1, -1)$$

Compute its components A'^{μ} after the Lorentz boost $v_x=0.91c$

3 Write how the following tensorial quantities transform after a Lorentz transformation. Use the appropriate Lorentz Λ matrix for each index.

$$\begin{array}{c}
A_{\mu} \\
B^{\mu\nu} \\
C^{\mu}_{\nu} \\
D^{\mu\nu}_{\rho} \\
E^{\mu}D_{\mu} \\
F^{\mu}G_{\mu}H^{\rho}
\end{array}$$

4 A vector field as components

$$4^{i} = (-y, 2, 3x,)$$

Find the components in the new coordinates system given by $x' = xz, y' = y^2 - 2x, z' = -x^2y + z$

5 Given the scalar function

$$\phi(x) = ln(x) + x^2$$

and the change of coordinate $x' = \ln(x^3)$.

5.1 Find the expression of $\phi'(x')$.

5.2 Show that $\phi(x) = \phi'(x')$ for the given point x = 2.

6 Perform the explicit matrix multiplications of the component of the Lorentz matrix with its inverse to prove that $\Lambda^{-1}\Lambda = \mathbb{1}_{4\times 4}$

8 Write down explicitly all the terms in the sums of the 2D expression $A_1^2 = B_{\ \alpha}^2 C_1^{\ \beta} D_{\ \beta}^{\alpha}$